

The Influence of Economic Development on Dynamic of Commuting in Srem Region, Republic of Serbia

Aleksandra Maliæ Sibirnoviæ¹, Danica Šantiæ², Mikica Sibirnoviæ³, Marija Antiæ⁴, Igor
Mišeeviæ⁵, Abosa Hadud⁶ and Ibrahim Sabri⁷

^{1,2,3}University of Belgrade, Faculty of Geography, Studentski trg 3/III, Belgrade, 11000 Serbia
Fax: +381112184065, E-mail: ¹<sandramalic@yahoo.com>, ²<danicam@gef.bg.ac.rs>,
³<msibirnovic@gef.bg.ac.rs>, ⁴<mmartinovic@gef.bg.ac.rs>,
⁵<igor_miscevic@yahoo.co.uk>, ⁶<abosa315@yahoo.ca>, ⁷<ibrahimosabri@yahoo.com>

KEYWORDS Labor. Functional Centers. Industry. Investments. Demography

ABSTRACT This paper reviews the findings of the study carried out in Srem region, to establish whether non-permanent population mobility is a phenomenon of social, economic, and demographic significance for the region itself and a country as a whole. This well-known immigration area in Serbia was inhabited for centuries because of its specific economic and political reasons, and recently became one of the most important regions in the country in terms of commuting process of commuting. Very intensive absorption of commuters is the result of the economic development regarding the new investments in this region. Agrarian settlements became a base for the labor force in recent period. The aim of the paper is to highlight how commuting correlates with economic development.